

Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2020

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Accounting (4AC1)

Paper 1: Introduction to Bookkeeping and Accounting

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners
  must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they
  mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded.
   Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
number	Award 1 mark as indicated each question.	
1	The only correct answer is D - Statement of account	
	A is not correct because a credit note notifies details of returned goods	
	B is not correct because a purchase invoice gives details of goods purchased	
	C is not correct because a sales invoice gives details of goods sold	(1)
2	The only correct answer is B - Confidentiality	
	A is not correct because Business entity is an accounting concept	
	C is not correct because Consistency is an accounting concept	(1)
	D is not correct because Materiality is an accounting concept	
3	A is not correct because Carriage inwards always has a debit balance  B is not correct because Carriage outwards always has a debit balance  C is not correct because Discount allowed always has a debit balance	(1)
4	The only correct answer is A - Creditors	
	B is not correct because Debtors accounts are maintained in the receivables ledger  C is not correct because Purchases accounts are maintained in	
	the nominal ledger	
	D is not correct because Sales accounts are maintained in the nominal ledger	
		(1)

5	The only correct answer is C – Capital – liabilities = assets						
	A is not correct because the statement of financial position would still balance						
	B is not correct because the statement of financial position would still balance						
	D is not correct because the statement of financial position would still balance	(1)					
6	The only correct answer is B - Discount allowed						
	A is not correct because credit sales would be entered on the debit side						
	C is not correct because interest charged would be entered on the debit side						
	D is not correct because returns outwards would be entered on the debit side	(1)					
7	The only correct answer is D - Profit for the year understated						
	A is not correct because gross profit would not be affected						
	B is not correct because gross profit would not be affected						
	C is not correct because profit for the year would not be overstated	(1)					
8	The only correct answer is C - Payment made within agreed time						
	A is not correct because bulk purchases would trigger a trade discount						
	B is not correct because payment by cash would not trigger a cash discount						
	D is not correct because regular purchases would trigger a trade discount						
		(1)					

9	The only correct answer is C - Debit discount allowed	
	A is not correct because credit discounts allowed is an incorrect posting	
	B is not correct because the debit cash book entry is discounts allowed	
	D is not correct because the debit cash book entry is discounts allowed	(1)
10	The only correct answer is D - Other receivables understated	
	A is not correct because rent paid in advance would not affect gross profit	
	B is not correct because rent paid in advance would not affect gross profit	
	C is not correct because rent paid in advance would not overstate other receivables	(1)

Question Number	Answer				
11	Award 1 mark for eac	ch correct fig	gure as indicate	ed.	
		Invoi	ce		
	GLK Ltd Moreton Road Norwich NR1 2BP				
	Frank Waites Number: S2703			)3	
	22 Redland Drive Lewes BN7 2DH		Date: 14 April	2020	
	Description	Quantity	Unit cost \$	Total cost \$	
	Filing cabinets	8	64.55	516.40 <b>(1)</b>	
	Office chairs	22	19.80	435.60 (1)	
	Sub total	952.00 <b>(1of)</b>			
	Trade discount 15%			142.80 <b>(1of)</b>	
	Total			809.20 <b>(1of)</b>	
	Terms: 2% discount fo	or 30 days se	ttlement.		(5)

Question Number	Answer		Mark
12	Award marks as indicated.		
	Transaction	Book of original entry	
	Sales to a credit customer	Sales day book (1)	
	Returns from a credit customer	Sales returns day book (1)	
	Purchase from a credit supplier	Purchases day book (1)	
	Purchase of a non-current asset on credit	Journal (1)	
	Payment to a credit supplier	Cash book (1)	(5)

Question Number	Answer						Mark
13 (a)	Award m	arks for correct dat	e, details a	nd amou	nts in combination.		
	Disposal Account						
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
	2019			2019			
	Dec 31	Motor vehicles -	20 000	Dec 31	Motor vehicles –	4 000	
		cost	(1)		provision for	(1)	
					depreciation		
		Income statement	400		Bank / Cash Book	16 400	
			(1of)			(1)	(4)
			20 400			20 400	(4)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
13 (b)	Award 1 mark as indicated	
	Wear and tear (1)	
	Obsolescence (1)	
	Passage of time (1)	
	Depletion (1)	
		(4)
	Accept any other appropriate responses.	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
14 (a)	Award marks as indicated. Max 2 marks	
	Arithmetical accuracy (1)	
	Prevention of fraud (1)	
	Preparation of financial statements (1)	(2)

Question Number	Answer						Mark
14 (b)	Award 1 mark for each correct figure plus 1 mark for correct dates and details.						
		Tra	de Payab	les Ledger	Control Account		
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
	Mar	Purchases	615	Mar 1	Balance b/d	16 250	
	31	returns day	(1)			(1)	
		book					
		Journal / set off	465	Mar 31	Purchases day book	18 230	
			(1)			(1)	
		Bank / Cash	14 540		Purchases day	30	
		book	(1)		book/Journal	(1)	
		Cash book /	235		Bank / Cash book	55	
		discount	(1)			(1)	
		received					
		Balance c/d	18 710				
			34 565			34 565	
				Apr 1	Balance b/d	18 710	(10)
						(1of)	(10)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
14 (c)	Award marks as indicated. Max 3 marks.	
	Returned goods (1) Faulty goods (1) Discount not given (1) Overpayment (1)	
	Accept any other appropriate response	(3)

Question Number	Answer				Mark
15 (a)	Award marks as indicated				
	Trial balanc	e at 30 April 20	020		
	Account	Debit \$	Credit \$		
	Bank overdraft		3 850	(1)	
	Carriage inwards	260		(1)	
	Carriage outwards	830			
	Discount allowed	1 010		(1)	
	Drawings	8 400			
	Equity		27 460		
	General expenses	18 470			
	Inventory at 1 May 2019	6 960		(1)	
	Irrecoverable debts	380		(1)	
	Property at cost	36 000			
	Motor vehicles - cost - provision for depreciation	18 300	10 980		
	Purchases	44 310			
	Rent received		1 650	(1)	
	Returns outwards		570	(1)	
	Revenue		96 740		
	Trade payables ledger control account		9 150	(1)	
	Trade receivables ledger control account	15 480		(1)	
	Totals	150 400	150 400	(1of)	(10)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
15 (b)	Award up to 4 marks for comments related to the usefulness of preparing a trial balance and 1 mark for conclusion.	
	For example It checks the arithmetical accuracy of the bookkeeping entries (1), however, it will not identify all errors (1). Facilitates preparation of the financial statements (1) as the balances are readily available (1).  Overall, preparation of the trial balance is a useful process due to the importance of producing accurate information (1).	
	Accept any other appropriate responses.	(5)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
16 (a)	Award mark as indicated.	
	To record low value cash payments (1). To provide training for junior staff (1).	
	Accept any alternative answers.	(2)

uestion lumber	Answer								
6 (b)	Award marks	for corre	ect figure only. Awar	d 1 mark for	all correct d	ates and do	etails.		
		Petty Cash Book							
	Receipts	Date	Details	Voucher	Payments	Cleaning	Stationery	Travel	Postage
	\$	2020		number	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	150.00 <b>(1)</b>	Apr 1	Balance b/d						
		5	Taxi fare	401	15.20			15.20 <b>(1 row)</b>	
		9	Postage	402	14.60				14.60 <b>(1 row)</b>
		13	Travel expenses	403	25.00			25.00 <b>(1 row)</b>	
		22	Envelopes	404	18.30		18.30 <b>(1 row)</b>		
		29	Cleaner's wages	405	30.00	30.00 <b>(1 row)</b>			
					103.10	30.00	18.30	40.20	14.60 (1of row)

103.10	30	Cash book/bank				
	30	Casii book/balik				
(1of)				_		
	30	Balance c/d	150.			
253.10			253.	0		
(1of)						
150.00	May 1	Balance b/d				
(1)						
						(11)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
16 (c)	Award 1 mark as indicated	
	Stolen money (1) Not entered/lost voucher (1)	
	Accept any other appropriate response.	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
16 (d)	Award 1 mark as indicated	
	Current assets (1)	(1)

Question Number	Answer				Mar	k
17 (a)	Award ma	rks as indicated.				
		Account	Debit	Credit		
		Trade receivables control		√ <b>(1)</b>		
		Irrecoverable debts	<b>√</b> (1)			
					(	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
17 (b)	Award marks as indicated.	
	Prudence (1) Accruals or matching (1)	(2)

Question	Answer			Mark
Number				
17 (c)	Award marks as indicated.			
		\$		
	Net trade receivables	42 140	(1)	
		<u>X 5%</u>		(2)
	Provision at 29 February 2020	<u>2 107</u>	(1of)	

Question Number	Answer						Mark
17 (d)	Award 1	mark for figures pl	us 1 mark fo	r correct	dates and details.		
		Prov	ision for Irre	coverabl	e Debts Account		
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$	
	2020	Balance c/d	2 107	2019	Balance b/d	1 845	
	Feb 29			Mar 1		(1)	
				2020	Income statement	262	
				Feb 29		(1of)	
			2 107			2 107	
				Mar 1	Balance b/d	2 107	
						(1of)	(4)
							(4)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
17 (e)	Award up to 4 marks for comments related to the reasons why it is necessary for a business to create a provision for irrecoverable debts and 1 mark for conclusion.	
	For example A business should create a provision because some amounts owing will not be received (1). The effect of this will be to overstate profit for the year and trade receivables in the financial statements (1).  This enables a business to make informed decisions (1) by anticipating possible future losses as soon as they become aware of them (1).  Overall, the business will benefit from the introduction of this provision (1).	
	Accept any other appropriate responses.	(5)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
18 (a)	Award mark as indicated	
	Speed (1) Accuracy (1)	
	Accept any other appropriate responses.	(2)

Question Number	Answer			Mark
18 (b)	Award marks as indicated.			
	ltem	Capital expenditure	Revenue expenditure	
	Installation cost	√ <b>(1)</b>		
	Delivery cost	<b>√ (1)</b>		
	Consumables		√ <b>(1)</b>	(3)

Question Number	Answer						Mark	
18 (c)	Award marks for correct date, details and amounts in combination.							
	Cash book – bank column							
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$		
	Mar 31	Balance b/d	1 210	Mar 31	Insurance	345 (1)		
		Bank interest	15 <b>(1)</b>		Dishonoured cheque, Jones	265 <b>(1)</b>		
					Balance c/d	615 <b>(1)</b>		
			<u>1 225</u>			1 225	(4)	

Question	Answer	Mark				
Number						
18 (d)	Award marks as indicated.					
	Bank reconciliation statement at 31 March 2020					
	\$					
	Balance per cash book <b>(1)</b>	615	(1of)			
	Unpresented cheques	656	(1)			
	Outstanding lodgements	(480)	(1)			
	Balance per bank statement (1)	791	_ (1)			
	Alternative presentation					
	<b>\$</b>					
	Balance per bank statement (1)	791	(1)			
	Unpresented cheques	(656)	(1)			
	Outstanding lodgements	480	(1)	(6)		
	Balance per cash book <b>(1)</b>	615	_ (1of)	(6)		

